WHERE CAN I FIND OUT MORE?

The Antonine Wall website, listed on the back of this leaflet, offers a range of site information and other resources to help plan a visit. It also has media galleries, downloadable walking guides and all documents relating to the management of the site.

For information on special events or for educational resources, try the Antonine Wall website, or the local authority and museum websites listed on the back page.

Additional information about the wider frontier and the international elements is available on the Antonine Wall website and on the websites for Hadrian's Wall and the German Limes.





Altar © Hunterian Museum

Rough Castle © www.rcahms.gov.uk



Bridgeness Distance Slab © National Museums of Scotland



You may re-use this information (excluding logos and images) free of charge in any format or medium, under the terms of the Open Government Licence v3.0 except where otherwise stated.

FURTHER INFORMATION www.antoninewall.org

HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT SCOTLAND,

Longmore House, Salisbury Place, Edinburgh EH9 1SH Tel: +44 (0)131 668 8600 Email: worldheritage@hes.scot www.historicenvironment.scot

EAST DUNBARTONSHIRE COUNCIL.

Business & Tourism, Southbank Marina, 12 Strathkelvin Place, Kirkintilloch, Glasgow G66 1TJ Tel: +44 (0)141 578 8625

www.eastdunbarton.gov.uk

FALKIRK COUNCIL, Development Service. Abbotsford House, David's Loan, Bainsford, Falkirk FK2 7YZ Tel: +44 (0)1324 504950 www.falkirk.gov.uk

GLASGOW CITY COUNCIL,

Development and Regeneration Services, Development Management, 231 George Street, Glasgow G1 1RX Tel: +44 (0)141 287 8555

www.glasgow.gov.uk

NORTH LANARKSHIRE COUNCIL, Environmental Services, Fleming House, Tryst Road, Cumbernauld G67 1JW Tel: +44 (0)1236 632 638

www.northlanarkshire.gov.uk

WEST DUNBARTONSHIRE COUNCIL, Planning, Building Standards and Environmental Health, West Dunbartonshire Council, 16 Church Street, Dumbarton G82 1QL Tel: +44 (0)141 951 7948

www.west-dunbarton.gov.uk

HADRIAN'S WALL, Management Plan Coordinator, Hadrian's Wall World Heritage Site, c/o Conservation Team, Development Services, Planning, Economy & Housing Directorate, Northumberland County Council Tel: +44 (0)7725 957 901 Email: john.scott@northumberland.gov.uk

www.visithadrianswall.co.uk

GERMAN LIMES, Deutsche Limeskommissionen, Saalburg Castle, Castle Hall 1, 61350 Bad Homburg Tel: +49 (0)6175 937 434

www.deutsche-limeskommission.de

HUNTERIAN MUSEUM, University Avenue, Glasgow G12 8QQ Tel: +44 (0)141 330 4221 Email: hunterian-enquiries@glasgow.ac.uk www.gla.ac.uk/hunterian

NATIONAL MUSEUMS OF SCOTLAND, Chambers Street, Edinburgh EH11JF Tel: +44 (0)300 123 6789 Email: info@nms.ac.uk www.nms.ac.uk

KINNEIL MUSEUM, Kinneil Estate, Bo'ness EH51 OPR Tel: +44 (0)1506 778 530

www.falkirkcommunitytrust.org/venues/kinneil-museum

CALLENDAR HOUSE MUSEUM, Callendar Park, Falkirk FK1 1YR Tel: +44 (0)1324 503770 Email: callendar.house@falkirk.gov.uk www.falkirkcommunitytrust.org/venues/callendar-house

AULD KIRK MUSEUM, Cowgate, Kirkintilloch G66 1AB Tel: +44 (0)141 578 0144 www.edlc.co.uk

Produced by Historic Environment Scotland. Images © Crown Copyright HES unless otherwise specified Front cover: The Antonine Wall at Watling Lodge © Historic Environment Scotland - Scottish Charity No. SC045925







Nearly 2,000 years ago, the Antonine Wall was the north-west frontier of the Roman Empire. Built on the orders of the Emperor Antoninus Pius in the years following AD 140, it ran for 40 Roman miles (60 km) from modern Bo'ness on the Firth of Forth to Old Kilpatrick on the River Clyde.



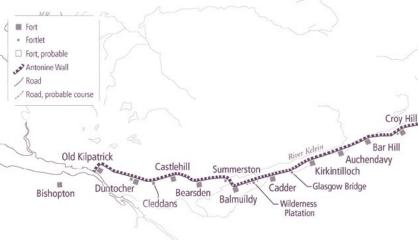
Over time, the industrial and commercial heartland of Scotland

has grown around it yet, unbelievably, one-third of its total length is still visible today. Archaeological excavations have demonstrated that much of the rest survives well beneath both fields and urban areas.

In 2008 it was inscribed as a World Heritage Site, becoming part of the Frontiers of the Roman Empire World Heritage Site, alongside Hadrian's Wall and the German Limes.







WHAT WAS THE ANTONINE WALL?

The Antonine Wall was both a physical barrier and a symbol of the Roman Empire's power and control. It was never a stone 'wall', but consisted of a turf rampart fronted by a wide and deep ditch.

Forts and fortlets provided accommodation for the troops stationed on the frontier and acted as secure crossing points to control movement north and south. Behind the rampart, all the forts were linked by a road, known as the Military Way.

The Antonine Wall was the most northerly frontier of the empire and, when it was built, was the most complex frontier ever constructed by the Roman army. It was the last of the linear frontiers to be built by the Romans and was only occupied for about a generation before being abandoned in the AD 160s.





Barrel from Bar Hill

From left to right Rough Castle Bearsden Bathhouse Lilia at Rough Castle Bar Hill



Rough Castle Camelon Watling Falkirk Mumrills Inveravon Castlecary

WHAT CAN I SEE AND DO TODAY?

Westerwood

The line of the Antonine Wall crosses five modern local authorities (East Dunbartonshire, Falkirk, Glasgow, North Lanarkshire and West Dunbartonshire) and there are a number of sites and museums in each of these areas.

Some of the best preserved sections of rampart, ditch and Military Way are at Croy Hill and Seabegs, good forts are visible at Bar Hill and Rough Castle, and Roman baths survive at Bearsden and Bar Hill.



Firth of Forth

Museums along the route have personal artefacts, gravestones and distance slabs on display; try the Auld Kirk Museum in Kirkintilloch, Callendar House in Falkirk, Kinneil Museum in Bo'ness, the Hunterian Museum in Glasgow, or the National Museum in Edinburgh.