Please find attached the joint response from Creative Scotland, Historic Environment Scotland and Museums Galleries Scotland. Along with the Scottish Government, we are part of the Scottish Cultural Evidence Network (SCENe) steering group. As such, the SCENe network represents the key stakeholders and users of the Cultural questions included in chapter 13 of the Scottish household Survey (SHS).

The SCENe steering group meets regularly and provides a forum for discussion and joint decisions. We have good knowledge of the data needs of the cultural and heritage sectors and social research. We all liaise regularly with national, regional and local cultural and heritage sector organisations in Scotland.

We want to help the Scottish Government in the context of getting the most utility from a reduced SHS budget. We are very open to the rationalisation of questions within the culture section and will assign time to this across our organisations. We look forward to working more with Scottish Government representatives, including Duncan Whitehead, on this endeavour.

We have one last thing to mention, which we have not included in full in the consultation response, but is relevant for SHS. Looking at the 2016 master version of the SHS <a href="http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0049/00496609.pdf">http://www.gov.scot/Resource/0049/00496609.pdf</a> many of the question in the Culture section are highlighted in red and say 'delete question' next to them. Our understanding was that these were biennial questions and their deletion is not permanent, with potential reinstatement for 2017. Please can we receive confirmation of this for:

CULT4C CULT4D CULT5AM CULT5AT

CULT5AH CULT5AL

CULT5AL CULT5AS

CULT5BM

CULT5BT

CULT5BH

CULT5BL CULT5BS

CULT6AR

CULT6AA

CULT6AM

CULT6AS

CULT7

## **Consultation Questions**

## Section A Use of SHS

1. What are the main <u>social survey</u> topics you use in the SHS? Please tick all that apply. Please distinguish between the topics in your following answers.

HOU	ISEHOLD INTERVIEW
	Household composition & characteristics of all occupants Employment status of the highest income householder Household income from employment and other sources Health/disability Driving Transport – Cars, fuel spend, and bicycles Accommodation - Type of property, tenure, housing aspirations SHCS social survey – Heating patterns, repairs, adaptations SHCS social survey – Household energy efficiency measures and renewables Internet access Recycling Savings and household finances, including housing costs (mortgage and rent) Children in the household (childcare, schools, and travel to school)
RAN	DOM ADULT INTERVIEW
	Key adult characteristics Health/disability and caring responsibilities Accommodation/housing experiences Neighbourhoods and community safety (including perception of local crime rate and local police performance, harassment and discrimination) Education - Qualifications Employment/economic activity Transport – Travel Diary Transport – Use of private/public transport, congestion Perceptions of local government and services Participation in sports activities Participation in cultural activities Environment – Access to the outdoors, green space, land use Environment – Climate change Internet access and use Volunteering
	Other – please specify

### 2. What do you use the SHS for?

We are particularly interested in how analysis of SHS data is used for informing, monitoring and evaluating policy and practice decisions, including examples of where analysis has influenced decision making.

Please be as specific as possible in your answers.

The Scottish Cultural Evidence Network welcome this opportunity to provide feedback to the Consultation on the design of the Scottish household survey from 2017 and beyond.

The SCENe network is made up of Creative Scotland (CS), Historic Environment Scotland (HES), Museums and Galleries Scotland (MGS) and the Scotlish Government and as such it represents the key stakeholders and users of the Cultural questions included in chapter 13 of the Scotlish household Survey (SHS).

The SHS is very important to us as cultural/ heritage organisations in Scotland as it is our main reliable and regular source of behaviour towards and attitudes towards organisations we work with from the general public.

Specifically the survey gives us data on the Scottish population attending a range of cultural events and places and taking part in cultural practices.

CULT4B is used as the source for SG National Indicator 'Increase cultural engagement'.

The Measuring Success Steering Group for the Scottish Historic Environment Strategy are in the process of proposing changes to the SG National Indicator measure for indicator on Historic Sites from Percentage of A-listed buildings on the Buildings at Risk Register (BARR). A possible option is to use results from CULT3A, G.

Creative Scotland uses a number of SHS indicators as performance indicators. These include overall cultural engagement and Children's cultural engagement, covered in chapter 14 of the SHS report.

Historic Environment Scotland have committed to this in their recent Corporate Plan and Creative Scotland use this data frequently in their EDI monitoring. The SHS is the data source with most reliable data in Scotland for applied research looking into significant differences in cultural attendance.

MGS regularly uses data from the SHS to respond to Scottish Government enquiries. We use data to gain a high-level picture of attitudes towards and opinions towards the sector we support. The local-authority level data gives us intelligence to support our work with over 460 museums in all parts of Scotland.

We all recognise that SHS is a crucial source of data for researchers interested in the cultural sector. These include consultants we commission to explore impact of our sectors in relation to our strategies and wider government agendas. Other users include academics conducting more complex analysis. Even if they work independently, our organisations utilise their research outputs to improve our insight and our support for the cultural sectors.

Outwith the section on culture, RF10C and RF10D are relevant questions for many of the organisations we represent and support. These are important data sources for the Local Government Benchmarking Framework, including C&L 5c: Percentage of adults satisfied with museums and galleries.

adults satisfied with museums and galleries.							
Are there any alternative sources of evidence available for the topics and/or questions you use in the SHS?							
i. Please tick Yes ☐ No ☐x							
ii. Please list alternative sources of evidence for each topic							
Section B Views on options for 2017							
4. What would be the impact of SHS option A for your organisation's use of the SHS? Please distinguish between the different topics you use when answering.							
As outlined above the annual production of the top line data for culture is essential to the reporting and strategic development of our organisations. If these questions were to move to a biannual frequency it would have a detrimental impact on our operations. We believe the questions in CULT, some asked annually and some asked biennially, are at the lowest desirable frequency.							
5. What would be the impact of SHS option B for your organisation's use of the SHS? Please distinguish between the different topics you use when answering.							
Reducing the overall year worth's survey sample size by around a third will have a knock on effect in relation to sizes of sub-groups within the sample. The lag time between survey administration, to achieving sufficient sample sizes from pooled data for sub-populations would be lengthened. This would result in less correspondence to monitoring and reporting cycles turn around for applied research into areas of priority for our organisations and the Scottish Government e.g. equalities.							
6. Do you prefer option A or option B?							
i. Please tick Option A  x Option B							
ii. What is the reason for your option preference?							
We have selected option A as we suspect that there are other topics in this surve							

We have selected option A as we suspect that there are other topics in this survey which could follow the example of CULT.

Whilst we recognise the requirement to reduce costs we believe that both Option A and B present problems. We have outlined these below under the appropriate questions and suggested ways to mitigate these problems.

As an alternative we believe there is sufficient scope for the reduction and simplification of the culture questions within the biennial survey which could achieve the same, if not greater, savings.

7. Under option A (biennial) half of the topics would be asked in 2017 (odd year) and half in 2018 (even year) (assuming this is the model adopted for 2018 - 2021). Do you have any views on what topics should be asked in 2017 and 2018?

The questions on use and satisfaction with local authority culture and sport and leisure facilities (RF10C and RF10D) should be kept in every year as these are important data sources for the Local Government Benchmarking Framework.

Only four variables in CULT section are asked every year and it is important they continue to be asked at this frequency within this continuous cross-sectional survey. These relate to the participation, attendance and frequency of participation and attendance. And are used for a number of performance indicators at the organisation and national level (please refer to our response to question 2).

Please note that variable CULT7 which is currently biennial is especially important for eliciting attitudes from the general population towards culture, heritage and the arts. We would rather this question was asked annually, rather than every two years. This will help understand the impact of culture, arts and heritage on communities corresponding to the emphasis in the Scottish Government's Strategy for the Historic Environment *Our Place in Time* and *Going Further: The National Strategy for Scotland's Museums and Galleries*. We welcome clarity on the status of CULT7 which the Measuring Success Steering Group are considering as headline measure: specifically whether is proposed for biennial inclusion, or deletion.

The majority of variables in the CULT section are already asked on a biennial basis and we are happy with this frequency on the whole. We suspect that there may be other topics in the survey where questions could also be dropped from an annual to a biennial basis to bring down the costs of the survey overall.

8. Under option B (reduction in sample size), a small reduction in full sample topic coverage of around 4 minutes (around 7% of questions) is necessary to maintain current 'one third sample questions' at around their present sample size.

#### How should this be achieved?

- i. By cutting topics completely
- ii. By reducing breadth of larger topics x
- iii. By introducing more biennial topics and questions
- iv. By introducing more one third sample questions

We are initially concerned by the proposition in option B. For the questions on participation and engagement with heritage, culture and the arts (CULT3A, CULT 4A) the results do not vary greatly between years. We are concerned with any increase to the margin of error which will result from a reduced sample size.

Reducing the overall year worth's survey sample size by around a third will have a knock on effect in relation to sizes of sub-groups within the sample. This concern applies to lower geographies. We are keen that the Local Authority Tables produced by SG have sufficient sample sizes and for error margins not to prohibit reliable reporting of results in relation to CULT section questions.

We feel that a trimming and redrafting of the biennial questions while maintaining core questions on an annual basis in the culture section would present the optimal solution for reducing the costs for the Scottish Government while also meeting the needs of the cultural sector.

The SCENe group would be happy to engage in discussions around these and or facilitate discussions with the wider sector where appropriate. Through joint working we believe this could be achieved within a relatively short timeframe.

# 9. In order to contribute to the 4 minute reduction, which of the topics which you use do you think could be:

- i. Cut completely and/or reduced in breadth
- ii. Go biennial
- iii. Move from full to one third sample

Please be as specific as possible in your answers.

There are a number of questions which are currently included in the biennial survey which we feel could be streamlined, reduced and/ or updated which would not only reduce costs to the SHS but also improve the quality and usefulness of the data generated.

i) Questions which could be cut completely or reduced in breadth:

**CULT 8 questions (7 questions):** These questions are all about website usage and seem outdated. We suggest some consultation on creating a reduced number of variables which are future proofed to reflect digital interactions with cultural and heritage organisations. We would like a reworked question on digital engagement. The resulting data would be more meaningful and the necessary questions would take up less space and time in SHS.

CULT3 D – Which, if any, of these kinds of places or events are you likely to attend in the next year? And CUL4 D – Which, if any, of these kinds of Activities are you likely to attend in the next year?: These questions ask about intended behaviour and the variables asking about actual behaviour are more reliable and robust in our opinion.

#### i) Go biennial

Of all the variables in the section currently asked on an annual basis, we are most open to CULT 5 and CULT 6 (14 questions) becoming biennial. These questions are all about the childhood experience and we would not expect to see huge variation in

results on a biennial basis. However, we recognise that this could be an important control variable in further analysis, so would rather it stayed in on an annual basis.

10.	Under option B (c	cut in sample size)	, would you prefer	local authority	data
	to be published o	n a:			

i. Please tick.

Two year rolling average basis every year

Two year basis every two years

(i.e. 2017 and 2018 data would be published in 2019, 2019 and 2020 data would be published in 2021)

ii. What is the reason for your preference?

We have chosen the two year basis every two years as it would avoid difficulties in understanding and reporting on rolling averages. But if given useful guidance by SG, we are open to the first option.

### **Section C Looking Ahead**

- 11. Looking ahead to 2018 2021, the Scottish Government may need to make further reductions to the SHS.
  - a. If this is necessary, would you prefer any further changes to the SHS to be based on:
    - i. A reduction in the overall SHS sample size
    - ii. A reduction in the frequency of SHS data collection
    - iii. A reduction in SHS topic coverage x
    - iv. Other please state
  - b. Please explain why.

The key strengths of SHS currently are its national coverage, regularity, sample size and robust processes. We recommend that the Scottish Government works with SHS stakeholders to streamline the variables within each topic currently covered. We also recommend that SG looks to other ways of reducing the cost of the survey, including the way it is administered. This could be informed by the experience of other large scale surveys looking to make cost savings including Scotland's Census.

- 12. What would be the impact on the work of your organisation if there were to be a further:
  - i. Reduction in the overall SHS sample size
  - ii. Reduction in the frequency of SHS data collection
  - iii. Reduction in SHS topic coverage

For the first option a reduction in sample size would be concerning given the analysis we conduct on sub-populations. For example, comparing people who have engaged with culture with those who have not. Reducing the survey sample can still allow for data to be pooled across longer timeframes. This is enabled through SHS's addition

to the UK Data Portal, pooling data from a number of years. However revealing, commenting and acting upon any trends and time series in equality patterns may become unfeasible within policy timeframes. It should be noted there are already limitations in the SHS with respect to gathering sufficient population sub-samples for analysis within a manageable timeframe, for example for BAME groups given small numbers of respondents within a year. We understand that boosting samples to minority groups to alleviate this limitation is not an option for SHS in its current form as a wholly random sample drawn from PAF. However, boosting the sample for CULT questions, giving information on any top-up costs, may be an option SG can discuss with SCENe partners.

This option for reducing in the overall sample size is most concerning in light of upcoming equalities research in cultural participation and attendance. SHS gives the only reliable data in Scotland for applied research looking into significant differences in cultural attendance between groups split by responses to variables including:

- urban and rural areas (SHS 6CLA)
- age groups (HA4)
- levels of highest qualification (HEDQUAL8)
- socio-economic characteristics (SEG)
- income groups (ANNETINC)
- social industrial and NSSEC analytic classifications (HIHSIC, HIHSOC, NSSEC, NSSEC2)
- derived variables in relation to the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (MD12PC15/ MD12DEC/ MD12QUIN)

For the second option we feel this would make SHS less valuable for the pace of policy decisions and support decisions our organisations make. Annual reporting of sub-sectors in culture and monitoring against relevant strategies would be hindered.

For the third option it would depend on the topic. If the topic was culture then the impact would be significant. As you know, we do not have a specific culture survey in Scotland like DCMS' Taking Part run by the Department of Culture, Media and Sport in England. As a result Scotland already has comparatively less population data regarding cultural engagement than England. The exclusion from culture from SHS would be extremely unwelcome.

We recognise there are benefits arising from culture questions being included in a survey asking about wider topics. This especially relates to the information collected about households, and individuals in households.

### Section D Any other comments and information about your organisation

#### 13. Do you have any other comments about the SHS or this consultation?

Cultural and heritage bodies already used SHS macrodata and microdata to plan their support and advocate for their sectors. Their interaction is generally as browsers and downloaders. We support the steps SG has taken in its open data strategy in line with

the OECD 2007 principle. The opening up of SHS data on various data platforms there is huge potential for further exploratory analysis and use in pragmatic interfaces. We encourage the Scottish Government to continue to support the inclusion of a section on culture and heritage within the SHS. Although administrative data, user-generated and technological-generated data offer increasing potential, the nature of a large-scale nation-wide survey is still very valuable.

We want to continue to use SHS to help plan services for Scotland with its up to date and accurate information on characteristics, attitudes and behaviour of people living in Scotland.

14. What sector do you work in?	
Central government	
Local government	
Parliament	
NHS Other public sector (e.g. NDPB)	   x   x
Higher/further education (excluding students)	
Third sector (Voluntary and charity)	
Private sector	
Student	
Journalists / media	$\Box$
Other (please specify)	_
15. What is the main topic area(s) that <u>your organisation as a who</u> on?	<u>le</u> focuses
Health	
Housing	
Environment	
Transport	
Income and wealth	
Communities	
Sport	
Culture	<b>□</b> <i>X</i>
Young People	
Equalities	

Please also make sure that you complete the separate Respondent Information Form in Annex D.

Other – please state

### **Respondent Information Form**

No

# Consultation on the Design of the SHS



Please Note this form must be returned with your response. Are you responding as an individual or an organization? Individual  $\square_{\mathsf{X}}$ Organisation Full name or organisation's name Museums Galleries Scotland, Creative Scotland and Historic Environment Scotland as part of the Scottish Cultural Evidence Network. Department & Division Phone number Address Postcode **Email** The Scottish Government would like your permission to publish your consultation response. Please indicate your publishing preference: Publish response with name X Publish response only (anonymous) Do not publish response We will share your response internally with other Scottish Government policy teams who may be addressing the issues you discuss. They may wish to contact you again in the future, but we require your permission to do so. Are you content for Scottish Government to contact you again in relation to this consultation exercise? Yes